

# MELTON WEST PRIMARY SCHOOL

## ANAPHYLAXIS POLICY

### PURPOSE

To explain to Melton West Primary School parents, carers, staff and students the processes and procedures in place to support students diagnosed as being at risk of suffering from anaphylaxis. This policy also ensures that Melton West Primary School is compliant with Ministerial Order 706 and the Department's guidelines for anaphylaxis management.

### SCOPE

This policy applies to:

- all staff, including casual relief staff and volunteers
- all students who have been diagnosed with anaphylaxis, or who may require emergency treatment for an anaphylactic reaction, and their parents and carers.

### POLICY

#### School Statement

Melton West Primary School will fully comply with Ministerial Order 706 and the associated guidelines published by the Department of Education and Training.

#### Anaphylaxis

Anaphylaxis is a severe allergic reaction that occurs after exposure to an allergen. The most common allergens for school-aged children are nuts, eggs, cow's milk, fish, shellfish, wheat, soy, sesame, latex, certain insect stings and medication.

#### *Symptoms*

Signs and symptoms of a mild to moderate allergic reaction can include:

- swelling of the lips, face and eyes
- hives or welts
- tingling in the mouth.

Signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis, a severe allergic reaction, can include:

- difficult/noisy breathing
- swelling of tongue
- difficulty talking and/or hoarse voice
- wheeze or persistent cough
- persistent dizziness or collapse
- student appears pale or floppy
- abdominal pain and/or vomiting.

Symptoms usually develop within ten minutes and up to two hours after exposure to an allergen, but can appear within a few minutes.

## *Treatment*

Adrenaline given as an injection into the muscle of the outer mid-thigh is the first aid treatment for anaphylaxis.

Individuals diagnosed as being at risk of anaphylaxis are prescribed an adrenaline autoinjector for use in an emergency. These adrenaline autoinjectors are designed so that anyone can use them in an emergency.

## **Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans**

All students at Melton West Primary School who are diagnosed by a medical practitioner as being at risk of suffering from an anaphylactic reaction must have an Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan. When notified of an anaphylaxis diagnosis, the principal or First Aid Officer is responsible for developing a plan in consultation with the student's parents/carers.

Where necessary, an Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan will be in place as soon as practicable after a student enrolls at Melton West Primary School and where possible, before the student's first day.

Parents and carers must:

- obtain an ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis from the student's medical practitioner and provide a copy to the school as soon as practicable
- immediately inform the school in writing if there is a relevant change in the student's medical condition and obtain an updated ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis
- provide an up-to-date photo of the student for the ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis when that Plan is provided to the school and each time it is reviewed
- provide the school with a current adrenaline autoinjector for the student that has not expired;
- participate in annual reviews of the student's Plan.

Each student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan must include:

- information about the student's medical condition that relates to allergies and the potential for anaphylactic reaction, including the type of allergies the student has
- information about the signs or symptoms the student might exhibit in the event of an allergic reaction on a written diagnosis from a medical practitioner
- strategies to minimise the risk of exposure to known allergens while the student is under the care or supervision of school staff, including in the school yard, at camps and excursions, or at special events conducted, organised or attended by the school
- the name of the person(s) responsible for implementing the risk minimisation strategies, which have been identified in the Plan
- information about where the student's medication will be stored
- the student's emergency contact details
- an up-to-date ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis completed by the student's medical practitioner.

## *Review and updates to Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans*

A student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan will be reviewed and updated on an annual basis in consultation with the student's parents/carers. The plan will also be reviewed and, where necessary, updated in the following circumstances:

- as soon as practicable after the student has an anaphylactic reaction at school

- if the student's medical condition, insofar as it relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction, changes
- when the student is participating in an off-site activity, including camps and excursions, or at special events including fetes and concerts.

Our school may also consider updating a student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan if there is an identified and significant increase in the student's potential risk of exposure to allergens at school.

### Location of plans and adrenaline autoinjectors

*A copy of each student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan will be stored with their ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis in the school First Aid Room, clearly labelled with student's details, together with an adrenaline autoinjector for general use.*

*Adrenaline auto injectors for general use are stored in the First Aid Room and first aid cabinet in the BER Building, Gymnasium Office, Portables and Prep Building.*

### Risk Minimisation Strategies

*To reduce the risk of a student having an anaphylactic reaction at Melton West Primary School, we have put in place the following strategies:*

- *staff and students are regularly reminded to wash their hands after eating;*
- *students are discouraged from sharing food*
- *food consumed outside will be eaten in a designated area*
- *garbage bins at school are to remain covered with lids to reduce the risk of attracting insects*
- *gloves must be worn when picking up papers or rubbish in the playground;*
- *the classroom window &/or door will have signage displayed identifying the allergen/s of a student/s at risk of anaphylaxis when requested by a parent/carer*
- *a letter will be sent home to all students in the class at the beginning of the school year or more frequently when requested by a parent/carer identifying the allergen/s & advising that there is a student in the class diagnosed with anaphylaxis*
- *school canteen staff are trained in appropriate food handling to reduce the risk of cross-contamination*
- *year groups will be informed of allergens that must be avoided in advance of class parties, events or birthdays upon parent request*
- *a general use EpiPen will be stored in the First Aid Room and in the first aid cabinet in the BER Building, Gymnasium Office, Portables and Prep Building for ease of access.*
- *Medical identification of all students diagnosed as being at risk of anaphylaxis will be in each yard duty bag, in class medical folders, in the office, first aid room, canteen & specialist classrooms*
- *An Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan will be kept at the front of the class medical folder if a student/s in the classroom is diagnosed as being at risk of anaphylaxis. The first aid officer and class teacher will discuss risk minimisation strategies which need to be implemented at the beginning of the school year.*
- *Planning for off-site activities will include risk minimisation strategies for students at risk of anaphylaxis including supervision requirements, appropriate number of trained staff, emergency response procedures and other risk controls appropriate to the activity and students attending.*

## Adrenaline autoinjectors for general use

Melton West Primary School will maintain a supply of adrenaline autoinjector(s) for general use, as a back-up to those provided by parents and carers for specific students, and also for students who may suffer from a first time reaction at school.

Adrenaline autoinjectors for general use will be stored in the First Aid Room and in the first aid cabinets in the Gymnasium Office, the BER Building, Portables & the Prep Building and labelled "general use".

The Principal in consultation with the School First Aid Officer is responsible for arranging the purchase of adrenaline autoinjectors for general use, and will consider:

- the number of students enrolled at Melton West Primary School at risk of anaphylaxis
- the accessibility of adrenaline autoinjectors supplied by parents
- the availability of a sufficient supply of autoinjectors for general use in different locations at the school, as well as at camps, excursions and events
- the limited life span of adrenaline autoinjectors, and the need for general use adrenaline autoinjectors to be replaced when used or prior to expiry.

## Emergency Response

In the event of an anaphylactic reaction, the emergency response procedures in this policy must be followed, together with the school's general first aid procedures, emergency response procedures and the student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan.

A complete and up-to-date list of students identified as being at risk of anaphylaxis is maintained by the First Aid Officer and stored in the First Aid Room. For camps, excursions and special events, a designated staff member will be responsible for maintaining a list of students at risk of anaphylaxis attending the special event, together with their Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans and adrenaline autoinjectors, where appropriate.

If a student experiences an anaphylactic reaction at school or during a school activity, school staff must:

Step	Action
1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lay the person flat</li><li>• Do not allow them to stand or walk</li><li>• If breathing is difficult, allow them to sit</li><li>• Be calm and reassuring</li><li>• Do not leave them alone</li><li>• Seek assistance from another staff member or reliable student to locate the student's adrenaline autoinjector or the school's general use autoinjector, and the student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan, stored in the First Aid Room</li><li>• If the student's plan is not immediately available, or they appear to be experiencing a first time reaction, follow steps 2 to 5</li></ul>
2.	<p>Administer an EpiPen or EpiPen Jr (if the student is under 20kg)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Remove from plastic container</li><li>• Form a fist around the EpiPen and pull off the blue safety release (cap)</li><li>• Place orange end against the student's outer mid-thigh (with or without clothing avoiding seams)</li><li>• Push down hard until a click is heard or felt and hold in place for 3 seconds</li><li>• Remove EpiPen</li></ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Note the time the EpiPen is administered</li> <li>Retain the used EpiPen in a safe place until it can be handed to ambulance paramedics along with the time of administration</li> </ul>
3.	Call an ambulance (000)
4.	If there is no improvement or severe symptoms progress (as described in the ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis), further adrenaline doses may be administered every five minutes, if other adrenaline autoinjectors are available.
5.	Contact the student's emergency contacts.

If a student appears to be having a severe allergic reaction, but has not been previously diagnosed with an allergy or being at risk of anaphylaxis, school staff should follow steps 2 – 5 as above.

[Note: If in doubt, it is better to use an adrenaline autoinjector than not use it, even if in hindsight the reaction is not anaphylaxis. Under-treatment of anaphylaxis is more harmful and potentially life threatening than over-treatment of a mild to moderate allergic reaction. Refer to [Frequently asked questions – Anaphylaxis](#)].

### Communication Plan

This policy will be available on Melton West Primary School's website so that parents and other members of the school community can easily access information about Melton West Primary School's Anaphylaxis Management Procedures. The parents and carers of students who are enrolled at Melton West Primary School and are identified as being at risk of anaphylaxis will also be provided with a copy of this policy.

The Principal in consultation with the School Anaphylaxis Supervisor/s is responsible for ensuring that all relevant staff, including casual relief staff, canteen staff and volunteers are aware of this policy and Melton West Primary School's procedures for anaphylaxis management. The CRT day sheets highlight the students at risk and a management plan is kept in each classroom of a student diagnosed with Anaphylaxis.

The Principal in consultation with the School Anaphylaxis Supervisor/s is also responsible for ensuring relevant staff are trained and briefed in anaphylaxis management, consistent with the Department's *Anaphylaxis Guidelines*.

### Staff training

The Principal in consultation with the School Anaphylaxis Supervisor/s will ensure that staff are appropriately trained in anaphylaxis management:

- All school staff must undertake the ASCIA Anaphylaxis e-training course for Victorian Schools followed by a competency check by the School Anaphylaxis Supervisor in using an autoinjector within 30 days of completing the course. All staff are required to complete this course every two years.
- Two staff members (School Anaphylaxis Supervisors) are required to complete a course in Verifying the Correct Use of Adrenaline Autoinjector Devices 22303VIC, every three years

### Twice-yearly anaphylaxis briefing requirements

Staff are also required to attend a briefing on anaphylaxis management and this policy at least twice per year (with the first briefing to be held at the beginning of the school year), facilitated by a staff member who has successfully completed an anaphylaxis management course within the last 2 years

Each briefing will address:

- this policy
- the causes, symptoms and treatment of anaphylaxis
- the identities of students with a medical condition that relates to allergies and the potential for anaphylactic reaction, and where their medication is located
- how to use an adrenaline autoinjector, including hands on practice with a trainer adrenaline autoinjector
- the school's general first aid and emergency response procedures
- the location of, and access to, adrenaline autoinjectors that have been provided by parents or purchased by the school for general use.

When a new student enrolls at Melton West Primary School who is at risk of anaphylaxis, the First Aid Officer will develop an interim plan in consultation with the student's parent/carer and ensure that staff are trained & briefed as soon as possible.

The Principal in consultation with the First Aid Officer will ensure that while students at risk of anaphylaxis are under the care or supervision of the school outside of normal class activities, including in the school yard, at camps and excursions, or at special event days, there is a sufficient number of school staff present who have been trained in anaphylaxis management.

#### FURTHER INFORMATION AND RESOURCES

- Policy and Advisory Library:
  - [Anaphylaxis](#)
- Allergy & Anaphylaxis Australia: [Risk minimisation strategies](#)
- ASCIA Guidelines: [Schooling and childcare](#)
- Royal Children's Hospital: [Allergy and immunology](#)
- Health Care Needs Policy: [Health Care Needs Policy 2020.docx](#)

#### REVIEW CYCLE AND EVALUATION

This policy was last updated on May 2021 and is scheduled for review in May 2022.

The Principal in consultation with the First Aid Officer will complete the Department's Annual Risk Management Checklist for anaphylaxis management to assist with the evaluation and review of this policy and the support provided to students at risk of anaphylaxis.

<b>School Council</b>	Not required
<b>Date Reviewed/Approved</b>	May 2021
<b>Communication method</b>	School website, Staffcom, Induction Pack
<b>Date communicated</b>	
<b>Source of Requirement</b>	Minimum Standards
<b>Responsible for Review</b>	Assistant Principal
<b>Review Cycle</b>	1 year
<b>Next Review Due Date</b>	May 2022
<b>References</b>	Victorian Government Schools Policy Advisory Guide